# 360° RESILIENCE



#### Check Your Own System's Resilience Readiness & Plan to Follow-Up

YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST RESULTS					
CATEGORY	UP-TO-DATE	NEEDS REVIEW	NEEDS		
			MAJOR ATTENTION		
<ol> <li>Vulnerability Assessment</li> </ol>					
<ol><li>Emergency Response Planning</li></ol>					
<ol><li>Climate Planning—Adaptation</li></ol>					
<ol><li>Critical Operating—Plant</li></ol>					
<ol><li>Workforce Operating Resilience</li></ol>					
6. Cybersecurity					
<ol><li>Financial Resilience—Emergency</li></ol>					
<ol><li>Financial Resilience—Long Term</li></ol>					
<ol><li>Community-Based Water Resilience</li></ol>					



# **RESILIENCY:**

the ability of a person or organization to anticipate, prepare for, and respond to change and sudden disruptions in order to survive and prosper.



# **Resiliency Means Business!**





# 360° RESILIENCE

# **RESILIENCE MANAGEMENT**

FINANCIAL SYSTEMS

CAPITAL PLANNING

> WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT (including training, succession)

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

NATURAL MALEVOLENT HAZARDS ACTS PREPAREDNESS PLANNING RESPONSE RECOVERY MITIGATION-RISK REDUCTION

Not Just In CRISIS

ASSET MANAGEMENT

> COMMUNICATION CAPABILITIES

COLLABORTAIONS— PARTNERS (CBWR)

OPERATIONAL PRACTICES (including digital cybersecurity)



# Webinar Agenda

- A 360 Self-Assessment
- Prioritizing Risk
- AWIA Section 2013: Risk Assessment & Emergency Planning
- Environmental Change
- Cybersecurity
- Workforce Resiliency
- Financial Resilience
- Community-Based Water Resilience
- Next Steps: Self-Assessment & Resources for You







# Self-Assessment

#### Check Your Own System's Resilience Readiness & Plan to Follow-Up

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#### Water Utility Resilience Readiness Tool

Overview:

U.S. EPA has developed many resources to assist water and wastewater utilities with preparation for dealing with risks to drinking water service continuity. Achieving such resilience is more than a matter of natural hazards and sudden emergencies alone.

This resource tool gives you:

A quick overview of all the different aspects of resilience; Resilience means business!
 A checklist to "map" out any areas where your utility may want to assess and improve

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#### #5. Workforce Operating Resilience

Explanation/Rationale and Key Questions (Combined)

An industry strategy and standard for resilience is cross-training (XT) of enough personnel to provide critical backups in the face of emergencies, illness and other disruptions. Each system must decide where XT opportunities are possible. Limited staff and resources are a challenge. In fact, among small and rural systems in many states, succession due to retirements in the experienced and long-term workforce is a major issue. Consider what your shorter-term and long-term actions are: Have you:

(Short-term): Cross-trained personnel for the most critical operations? Arranged mutual aid with nearby systems to backstop short-term personnel needs?

(Long-term): Connected with workforce development programs at your regional planning/economic development district, or council of governments, and/or with community college and high school programs, to "fill the pipeline" with potential operating staff?

#### Action Resources

Workforce development training is available from the EFCN Small Water Systems project and also may be available from the Rural Water Association in some states. Non-traditional approach to workforce needs may be available <u>form</u> your regional economic development district (EDDs) or council of government s (COGs). Regional organizations often work with programs and partners, such as community colleges, which can create opportunities for growing the pipeline for your workforce.

YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECK	rs		
CATEGORY	UP-TO-DATE	NEEDS REVIEW	NEEDS
			MAJOR ATTENTION
<ol><li>Workforce Operating Resilience</li></ol>			

tance, including the Small Water Utility ance Centers Network (EFCN) sponsored

> Resilience: The ability to return to normal function after a disruption or as utilities know, to continue vital public services with little or no delay.

ility will need to further pursue areas of Starting resource links are given for your effort.

if you have some preparations, but not eded. If your utility gives little attention to ance is needed now. A VERY minimal level

ж on any at if you	Assessment Checklist				
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	CATEGORY	UP-TO-DATE	NEEDS REVEN	NAME AT ENTON	
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digital	6.				
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	8.				
	9.				
	10.				



#### Tools for Utility Risk and Resilience Planning: A Guided Inventory

New England Environmental Finance Center, University of Southern Maine

Service delivery interruptions due to unforeseen events can be inconvenient or costly at best, and dangerous at worst. Luckily, there are many free tools and resources available to help you get started with basic steps towards a more resilient and prepared utility or system. Strengthening your basic business functions is the foundation for resilience—it is not just about an emergency plan. The Environmental Finance Center Network (EFCN) provides courses, training, and technical assistance in a variety of technical, managerial, and functional areas; especially in asset management, financial planning, and workforce development and selected operations-oriented technical topics. The last section of this inventory provides links to those additional training and assistance resources. This guide first reviews some basic concepts like those covered in our training and presents a guided tour of the many free tools for utility risk and resilience management available from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Each resource has a direct hyperlink to its source on the web.

Table of Contents:

- 1. Set a Basic Framework for Resilience Work
- 2. Identify Vulnerabilities and Threats to Resilient Service and the Assets Affected
- 3. Prioritize Risks Based on Consequences and Likelihood
- 4. Special Topics:
  - a. Get a Handle on Climate
  - b. Become Cyber-Resilient for Better Security
  - c. Hook Into External and Community Partners
  - d. Don't Forget Your Financial Resilience



# Self-Assessment

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# **Poll 1: Attendees**





# Understanding Risk

a deeper dive



### Standard Engineering Risk (e.g., component failures)

#### • Overall Risk = Likelihood × Consequence

	Consequence (C)				
Likelihood (P)	C ≤ 10	10 < C ≤ 25	25 < C ≤ 50	50 < C ≤ 75	C > 75
P ≤ 10%	Very Low	Low	Low	Fair	Fair
10% < P ≤ 30%	Low	Fair	Fair	Fair	Moderate
30% < P ≤ 50%	Low	Fair	Fair	Moderate	Moderate
50% < P ≤ 70%	Fair	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	High
70% < P ≤ 90%	Fair	Moderate	Moderate	High	Very High
P > 90%	Fair	Moderate	High	Very High	Very High







A Basic Framework for Risk Prioritization

# Damp Electrical Room ... for <u>Now</u>





**Public Works** 

# Record Amount of Rain Causes Widespread Flooding in City of San Diego

JANUARY 22, 2024, 9:42 PM



It happens when heavy rainfall overwhelms an aging stormwater system with limited capacity. Monday's record rainfall revealed the fragile state of the City's stormwater infrastructure.







- Contingency Planning Quality
- Training for Incident Response
  - (Cyber & Hazards)
- Workforce Development
- Short-term Emergency Finance
- Long-tern Finance Preparation

- Natural Hazards (Existing)
- Environmental Change (New) Hazards)
- Cybersecurity Threats
- Physical Malevolent Acts
- Local Economy/RatePayer Base
- Nat'l Economy/Cost of Business



Community-Based Water Resiliency



		TO.	
YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECK	KLIST RESUL	15	
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<ol><li>Financial Resilience—Long Term</li></ol>			
9. Community-Based Water Resilience			

YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECK	LIST RESULT	rs	
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YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST RESULTS					
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			MAJOR ATTENTION		
2. Emergency Response Planning					





#### AWIA Section 2013 / SDWA Section 1433 Updates

#### Preparing for Round 2 of AWIA

U.S. EPA has launched the second round of America's Water Infrastructure Act (AWIA) Section 2013 / Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) section 1433, which requires community drinking water systems (CWSs) serving more than 3,300 people to develop or update risk and resilience assessments (RRAs) and emergency response plans (ERPs) every five years.

CWS Population Served	<b>RRA Certification Deadline</b>	ERP Certification Deadline	
Over 100,000	March 31, 2025	September 30, 2025	
50,000 - 99,999	December 31, 2025	June 30, 2026	
3,301 - 49,999	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2026	

See the upcoming certification deadlines in the table below:

WICRD recently published updated versions of its <u>Small System RRA Checklist</u> and <u>ERP</u> <u>Template</u> and plans to publish an updated version of the <u>Vulnerability Self-Assessment</u> <u>Tool (VSAT)</u> by the end of November 2024. A *Checklist of Priority Cybersecurity Practices for Water Systems* was added to these resources to bolster a CWS's analysis of their cybersecurity practices. <u>EPA</u> encourages all CWSs to fill out this new cybersecurity checklist and add it to their RRA or ERP.



#### **≎EPA**

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#### **AWIA-Compliant Risk and Resilience Assessment**

VSAT Page	Requirements for AWIA-Compliant Risk and Resilience Assessment
Utility Type	Required
Utility Information	Required
Utility Resilience Index	Required
Qualitative Risk Assessment	Required
Quantitative Risk Assessment	Optional, but recommended
Countermeasure Analysis	Optional
Report	Optional
AWIA Certification	Self-Certification Instructions Provided

#### Asset-Threat Pairing



4

#### Complete the Risk and Resilience Assessment Checklist here

EPA offers the *Risk and Resilience Assessment Checklist* in two formats. A fillable PDF format is provided on the pages that follow. This format has fixed fields and may not be changed by the user. Alternatively, a Word version may be accessed by clicking on the icon below. The Word version may be changed by the user. **The content of the PDF and Word versions is the same.** To access the Word version, the file must be downloaded to your computer.

Risk a	nd Resilienc	e Assessm	ent Cheo	cklist
CEPA United State Environmen Agency	s tal Protection		Search EPA.gov	Q
Environmental Topics $\checkmark$	Laws & Regulations 🗸	Report a Violation $\checkmark$	About EPA 🗸	
Water Resilience Home	Small Suc	tom Dick or	nd Docili	
America's Water Infrastructure Act Risk	Assessme	nt Checklis	t resili	ence
Assessment and Emergency Response Plan Requirements	This guidance is intended for	or small community water syste	ems (CWSs) serving grea	ater than 3.300



#### Table 2b: Source Water (Natural Hazards)

#### Asset Category: Source Water

Examples of Assets in this Category: Encompasses all sources examples include rivers, streams, lakes, source water reservoirs, e

	Natural Hazards Select the natural hazards in the left column that pose a <u>significant risk</u> to this asset category at the CWS.	Brief Description of Impacts If you select a natural hazard in Water asset category, briefly de could impact this asset categor service, and public health as ap
	Hurricane	
S	Flood	
	Earthquake	Source: USEPA







#### CHECKLIST

- Qualitative risk assessment identifies threats, vulnerabilities, and consequences but does not estimate risk value.
- Countermeasures may be identified, and the benefits described but not estimated.
- "Paper" analysis that requires minimal resources to complete.

#### VSAT

- **Quantitative** risk assessment **estimates** threats, vulnerabilities, consequences and monetized risk.
- Countermeasures may be quantified for cost, risk reduction, and cost-benefit analysis.
- E-tool analysis can require significant time and informational resources to complete.



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#### **3 Key Products**

- ERP Template
- Incident Response Templates
- Vulnerability Assessment Tools



#### Water Infrastructure and Cyber Resilience Division Products and Services List

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Water Infrastructure and Cyber Resilience Division (WICRD) has developed a robust suite of products and services to improve the resilience of the Water and Wastewater Systems Sector to all types of hazards. WICRD resources can be found at <u>www.epa.gov/waterresilience</u>. Direct links to specific resources are provided below.

Products are organized by topic: America's Water Infrastructure Act (AWIA), Cybersecurity Resilience, Contamination Preparedness and Response, Emergency Preparedness and Response, Supply Chain Resilience, Federal Funding Sources, Interdependencies, and Training.



#### Route to Resilience (RtoR)

RtoR helps small and medium sized drinking water and wastewater utilities learn more about becoming resilient to all-hazards. The interactive desktop application guides utilities through five stops along the Route to Resilience – Assess, Plan, Train, Respond, and Recover – and provides users with a custom report that highlights specific products and tools.

# Poll 2: Hazards



YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST RESULTS					
CATEGORY UP-TO-DATE NEEDS REVIEW NEEDS					
			MAJOR ATTENTION		
<ol> <li>Critical Operating—Plant</li> </ol>					





## Some standard ideal critical operating resiliencies

# 24-72 Hours of Backup Power

# Meet Minimum Daily Demand for 24-72 Hours

# Have Critical Parts & Equipment In Reach 1-3 Days



# Case study, small DW system: From CRWU—Creating Resilient Water Utilities Program (USEPA)

#### City of Fredericktown, MO

The city of Fredericktown, Missouri provides drinking water services to 2,000 residential and commercial connections. Fredericktown's main source of water, City Lake, is a 93-acre reservoir formed through a dam on the Little St. Francois River and is jointly managed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers and the Missouri Department of Conservation. The city of Fredericktown is concerned about intense flooding and drought events which may reduce the city's ability to provide water for essential needs within their service area. Lower water levels in City Lake also affect the quality of the water entering the plant, thus increasing water treatment costs.

Туре	Resilience Strategies
	Sediment Removal (City Lake)
Sediment Removal	Additional Nims Lake release
	Stricter water use restrictions
	Wastewater reclamation
Wastewater	Additional Nims Lake release
	Stricter water use restrictions

Fredericktown pursued the short-term strategy of developing a contract to use water from a nearby lake during dry periods. The utility operators, recognizing that upstream water releases and short-term contract may not be sufficient under future conditions, also identified a potential long-term adaptation action to dredge the lake.







#### Case Study: Prolonged Drought Spicewood Beach, Texas

Background

- Fall 2011
- Central Texas
- Prolonged Drought
- Utilities wells went from 130 GPM to 15 GPM
- Contingency plan wasn't enough

#### Lessons Learned

- Bulk water inspected and certified
  - Establish contracts
  - Coordinate with state for inspection and certification
- Bridge weight limitations
  - Hauling routes and limits need to be checked
  - Think through scenarios



nited States nvironmental Protection

Even with drought contingency plan, ran out, needed to have water trailer inspected/certified!

Lesson learned—establish. contracts in advance and coordinate with state inspectors ahead.



#### The WOW Cart is a Simple Solution with Impressive Results

This small, portable, mini-water treatment system can begin making a positive impact in a matter of minutes.







WOW Cart in action at EPA Water Security Test Bed



#### Treatment Capabilities:

- Portable (fits in a pickup truck and weighs less than 750 pounds)
- Operates on 110V AC power or dual-fuel generator (gasoline/propane)
- Multiple treatment methods (micro-filtration, GAC, UV, Chlorine gas disinfection)
  - Produces a bleach solution in parallel
  - Table salt is the only consummable
- Setup and operation time within 1-3 hours
- Produce 10,000 to 15,000 gallons per day of safe water
- WOW Cart Intro Video







#### Hurricane Laura Lake Charles, LA Deployment Oct 2020

#### The WOW Cart vs. Bottled Water

- WOW Cart was used 18 days in Lake Charles by 6 different NGOs
- ONE TIME COST = \$ 40,000
- 100,000 gallons = 800,000 bottles on 416 pallets
- 416 pallets cost \$182,600 PLUS transport via:
- Delivering 416 pallets would require
  - ✓ 20 C-130 Flights or
  - ✓ 16 Semi Trailers





#### Lake Charles Response Video





YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST RESULTS					
CATEGORY UP-TO-DATE NEEDS REVIEW NEEDS					
			MAJOR ATTENTION		
3. Climate Planning—Adaptation					











#### **Increasing Storm Frequency**



Observed U.S. Trend in Heavy Precipitation



## And this......Worcester in October 2016

....while we were in the middle of our worst drought since the 1960s!







# **Provide Station Provide Station and Stationarity**



#### **EPA's Creating Resilient Water Utilities** Initiative

#### "CRWU"

#### **Resilient Strategies Guide** O

Consider planning priorities, resilience building, and customized information based on the experiences of other utilities and best available science. Once strategies are identified, the Guide links to data from EPA's Water Finance Clearinghouse, provides a report, and can generate a file for use in the Climate Resilience Evaluation and Awareness Tool.

#### Climate Resilience Evaluation and 6 Awareness Tool (CREAT)

Assess potential climate impacts and related risks. The tool guides users through a threat identification process and the design of adaptation plans based on their considered threats. CREAT features a series of simple modules, a user-friendly interface, climate data projections, and monetized risk results. CREAT also has import capacity and integrates with other EPA tools such as the Vulnerability Self-Assessment Tool (VSAT) and Resilient Strategies Guide.

#### Case Study and Information Exchange LEARN Explore real-world case studies of Explore and gather information on utilities addressing climate challenges. climate readiness Review and submit potential and adaptation basics adaptation strategies identified by utilities of similar type, location, or climate ASSESS challenge. COLLABORATE Understand potential Connect and climate impacts and communicate to assess related risks. share best practices and experiences. $\odot$ PLAN Find the materials you need to plan and conduct a customized workshop on extreme events such as flooding and drought. CESILIENCE Workshop Planner C for Climate Impact and Extreme Events Adaptation

Design and facilitate an adaptation planning workshop that explores how more intense and frequent extreme weather events can impact water resources. This tool allows users to pick a climate scenario and customize materials to conduct a workshop, including invitations, agendas, and presentations. A built-in registration management system allows you to invite and track participants.

#### Maps and Data Services

Review climate model and natural hazard data, including the following resources:

- Average Temperatures and Extreme Heat
- Average Precipitation and Storm Intensity
- Coastal Flooding and Sea Level Rise
- Storm Surge Flooding and Hurricane Strike Frequencies
- Streamflow Dynamics for Supply and Discharge Planning

#### **Resilient Strategies Guide**

- Free, online application for reviewing resilience strategies used by water utilities
- Introduction to adaptation planning for those with limited experience
- Provides strategies based on location, priorities, and assets
- Provides funding options based on selected strategies



#### **EPA's Creating Resilient Water Utilities** Initiative

#### "CRWU"



Case Study and

Information Exchange

Explore real-world case studies of

Review and submit potential

Workshop Planner

challenge.

adaptation strategies identified by utilities of similar type, location, or climate

6

C

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- Streamflow Dynamics for Supply and Discharge Planning

# Climate Resilience Evaluation & Awareness Tool "CREAT"

#### **CREAT Analysis Recap**

#### Using CREAT, our risk assessment identifies:

Module 1	Our climate threat and basic utility information
Module 2	How that threat can change over time
Module 3	Types of consequences if the threat were to occur
	Which assets were at risk to the threat
Module 4	Existing and potential strategies to protect the asset
	Plans of adaptation strategies to provide further protection
Module 5	Benefits of implementing adaptation plans compared to the cost of doing nothing
	How likelihood can inform adaptation decision making
	External benefits of plan implementation



Measurement	Baseline	Hotter Drier More Stormy and Lower Future Flow
Annual Average Temperature (Fahrenheit)	40.09	
July Average Temperature (Fahrenheit)	68.95	
August Average Temperature (Fahrenheit)	66.97	
Annual Degree Change in temperature (Fahrenheit)		7.43
July Degree Change in temperature (Fahrenheit)		8.14
August Degree Change in temperature (Fahrenheit)		7.64
Annual Number of hot days over 90 °F (Days)	7	42
Annual Number of hot days over 95 °F (Days)	2	21
Annual Number of hot days over 100 °F (Days)	0	7

	-8.13
-	-17.41
-	-15.82

Annual Average Minimum Flow (Cubic Feet/Second) 120.	54 109.12



YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST RESULTS					
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6. Cybersecurity					



# In a first for Maine, ransomware hackers hit two public wastewater plants

Experts worry as cyber criminals target smaller utilities that play crucial roles.

#### BY KATE COUGH | AUGUST 15, 2021





# Cybercrime to cost the world \$10.5 trillion annually by 2025

# U.S. an estimated \$2 trillion/yr by 2030



## MODULE 1: [THE SUSPICIOUS EMAIL]

#### Scenario

[April 24, 2017: 0730 hrs]

[John is a new office clerk for the public utility in the small town of Lakewood. He receives an email from an unknown sender with the subject title "Failed Package Delivery Notice." Thinking he missed a package delivery when he was out of the office yesterday, John opens the email.

John doesn't recognize the recipient of the email, but there is a link which he thinks may have more information.

What should John do next?





# From the experts: cybersecurity-based user awareness and education practices

- Have a Cybersecurity Emergency Response Plan
- Maintain an updated inventory of hardware and software
- Perform regular cyber threat and vulnerability monitoring
- Establish complex passwords and a good password policy
- Use multifactor authentication
- Update or patch software regularly
- Utilize reputable antivirus and malware software
- Remove or disable unused features, ports, software, and devices
- Use network firewalls
- Limit remote connections to SCADA\* systems
- Install independent cyber-physical safety systems (cut-outs)

There are other basic practices as well...see links in the resource document.

\* Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition systems





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<ol><li>Workforce Operating Resilience</li></ol>					





Building a Water Workforce for Small Water & Wastewater Systems

Averi Davis, Program Manager Syracuse University Environmental Finance Center (SU-EFC) E: <u>adavis02@syr.edu</u>

efc.syr.edu



# Four Pillars of Workforce Development

- Succession planning
- Retention
- Recruitment
- Messaging



#### South Carolina Water Utility Assessment & Viability Strategy

FEBRUARY 2022



South Carolina
Rural Infrastructure Authority

OPERATOR SHORTAGE LEADERSHIP IMPLEMENT STAFFING AND NEW REGULATIONS CERTIFIED OPERATORS LABOR REPLACING AGED INFRASTRUCTURE **OPERATORS** MATERIALS REPLACEMENT INFRASTRUCTURE BREAKING SUSTAINABILITY GROW RELIABILITY COST AGING SYSTEMS SERVICES AVAILABILITY OLD WORKFORCE ENVIRONMENTAL LABOR MARKET CONTINUE DIRE G AGING RISING CUSTOMER RATES MANAGEMENT NEW REGULATIONS STAFFING AND COST CERTIFIED PAY AGING INFRASTRUCTURE SKILL MANAGING GROWTH COST OF REPLACING FACILITIES RATES WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT OPERATOR STAFFING OLD PEOPLE SOURCE WATER SUSTAINABILITY FORCE DEMAND WORK FORCE NEED NEW REGULATIONS IMPROVEMENTS

What are the biggest challenges facing utilities in the next five years?



# Who is Working with Us?

Millennials and beyond will make up to 75% of the global workforce by 2025





# If you look like this...



## It will be hard to attract this.

#### Should government do more to solve our problems?

#### **Government Should Do More**

#### Doing too Much: Leave it to Business



# Looking for Untapped **Potential?**

Consider an internship program at your water/wastewater utility!

Internship funding available for a limited time in Iowa, Kansas & New York - email efc@wichita.edu for more info





## Why Hire an Intern?



Interns are a **cost-effective** way to handle daily tasks.



Internships promote the water workforce and foster the next generation of talent.

The EFCs in EPA **Regions 2 and 7** 



Interns can **spark community awareness** by sharing their experiences with friends, family, or local media outlets.



## Workforce Resilience: Backing Up Personnel Capacity

#### **Short Term Workforce Resilience**

- Cross-Training Among Staff
- Mutual-Aid Arrangements with Nearby Utilities
- Staffing Arrangements With Other Departments (e.g. in a Municipality) for Non-Licensed Help

#### Long-Term Workforce Resilience

- Work on Retention
- Work on the Succession Pipeline—Recruitment NOT Just When a Position Vacates!



YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST RESULTS					
CATEGORY UP-TO-DATE NEEDS REVIEW NEEDS					
			MAJOR ATTENTION		
7. Financial Resilience—Emergency					

YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECK	rs		
CATEGORY	UP-TO-DATE	NEEDS REVIEW	NEEDS
			MAJOR ATTENTION
8. Financial Resilience—Long Term			



American Water Works Association definition of Reserve Funds for Utilities

- Operating
- Capital
- Debt Service
- Rate
   Stabilization

# Financial Resilience: Short- and Long-Term

#### Short-Term

- Have Letters of Credit in Place Ahead
- Call on Staffing Mutual Aid if Applicable
- Well-Maintained Vendor Relationships

#### Long-Term

- Demonstrate Due-Diligence to Bond Funders and Insurers (they are now looking at this!)
- Rate Structure
- Asset Management



Rate Studies & Asset Management Training/Assistance are 2 oldest services of the Environmental Finance Centers



#### **Technical Assistance Request Form**

The EFCN offers no cost assistance to drinking water systems serving 10,000 or fewer people and wastewater systems that treat 1 million gallons per day or less. Areas of assistance we can provide include:

- Funding & Financial Management.
- Asset & Utility Management
- Regulatory Compliance
- Public Engagement & Communication
- Workforce Development & Leadership
- Resilience Planning & System Collaboration
- Technical Support (math, I/I, chlorine disinfection, etc.)





YOUR RESILIENCE SELF-ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST RESULTS							
CATEGORY	UP-TO-DATE	NEEDS REVIEW	NEEDS				
			MAJOR ATTENTION				
<ol> <li>Community-Based Water</li> </ol>							
Resilience							



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# WATER/WASTEWATER AGENCY RESPONSE NETWORK

Resources & Tools / Resource Topics / Water/Wastewater Agency Response Network





A Water and Wastewater Agency Response Network is a network of utilities helping other utilities to respond



#### Some Best Practices for Utilities and Local Emergency Agencies

- Share day-to-day immediate contact information
- Attend each other's training events (especially exercises)
- Connect with each others' plans (esp. the HMP and ERPs)
- Know how each can tap extra resources (e.g., WARN, local MAAs)
- Develop joint emergency/risk communication plans (such as water use notices that all will disseminate)
- Agree on and issue Worker Access Cards to facilitate utility personnel entrance to necessary areas and facilities (emergency managers may include state and National Guard personnel who don't know you!).
- Work together on any potential emergency water system interconnections.
- Don't forget law enforcement if you have threats from cyber and/or physical malevolent acts.

# CBWR – Beyond Usual Emergency Networks

- Connect With Major Users That Are Also Sources of Assistance in An Emergency or Longer-Term Challenge (e.g. drought)
  - Example: Even larger DW systems have turned to area hospitals and facilities to fill shortfalls of generators.
- Go Beyond the Billing Relationship With Customers to Seek Cooperation and Coordination
  - Example: Periodic education with customers to have good communication on reduced water use during a critical event
- In General, Well-Maintained Lines of Communication With Community Institutions, Facilities, Large or Small Community





#### **\$EPA**

#### COMMUNITY-BASED WATER RESILIENCY GUIDE

Select a menu option below. New users should start with Overview.



#### **EXPLORING WATER INTERDEPENDENCIES**



Next Steps: I. Use the Resilience Readiness Tool to do a Quick Self-Assessment (Download from Chat; Email will also be sent. II. Seek Training & Assistance in Priority Areas (Guided Tools Inventory for links, info. to be emailed) III. See the EFC Network Web Site for Recorded Webinars, BLOGs and "Get Help" request page!

www.efcnetwork.org



Thank You! Questions?

Contact Jack Kartez, Senior Advisor, New England EFC at:

jackk@maine.edu

EFC Resources?: www.EFCNetwork.org







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