

An Introduction to Asset Management

Webinar 3: Criticality



When you know better you do better

Maya Angelou

WELCOME TO THE EFCN ASSET MANAGEMENT WEBINAR SERIES



CORE COMPONENT 3: CRITICAL ASSETS

WHY ASSET MANAGEMENT?

Builds on what you already know

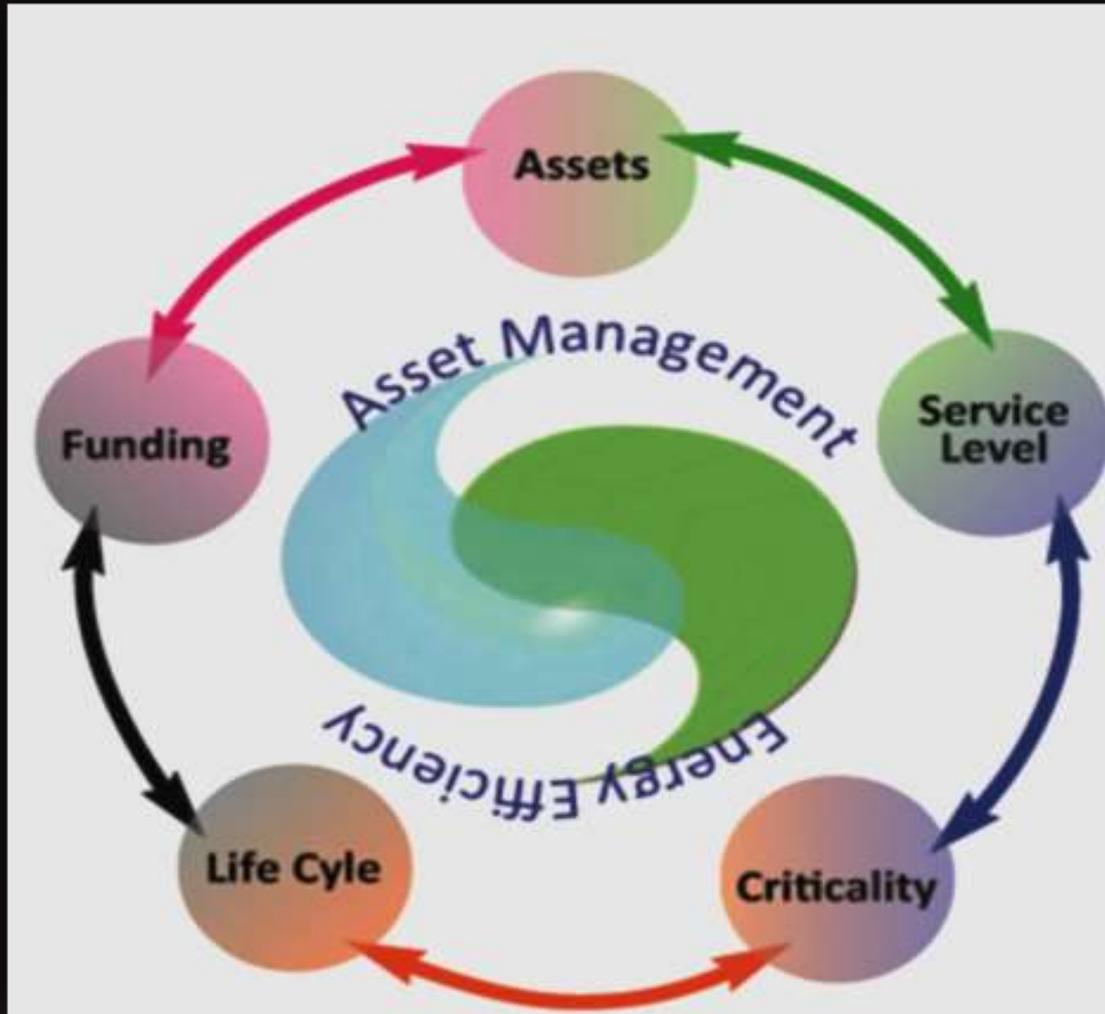
Common sense approach

Operate each asset in the most cost efficient manner

Proactive vs. reactive operation

Focus on understanding and managing risk

The 5 Core Components of Asset Management



CURRENT STATE OF THE ASSETS

What assets
do I own?

Where are
they located?

What
condition are
they in?

What is their
remaining
useful life?

What is their
replacement
value?



CORE COMPONENT 1 - A REVIEW

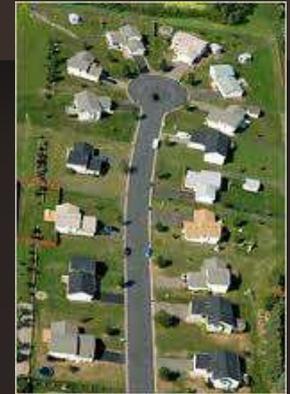
CORE COMPONENT 2 - A REVIEW

Water utilities are first and foremost customer service businesses



Level of Service defines how you will operate the utility (the goals of the utility)

CORE COMPONENT 3 - CRITICALITY



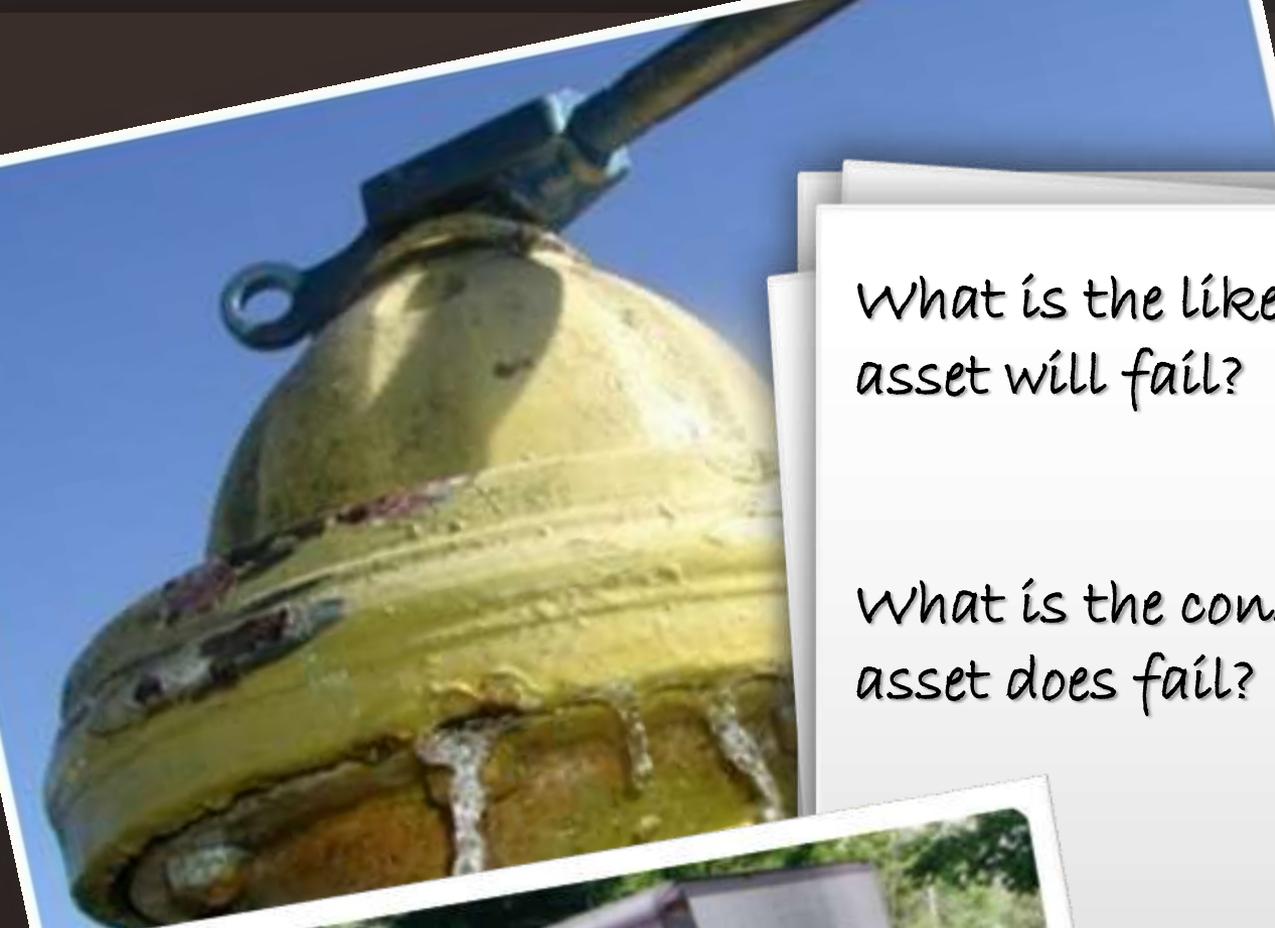
Not All Assets Are Equally Important

CRITICALITY OF ASSETS

AUDIO



Eric Saylor,
Cincinnati, OH

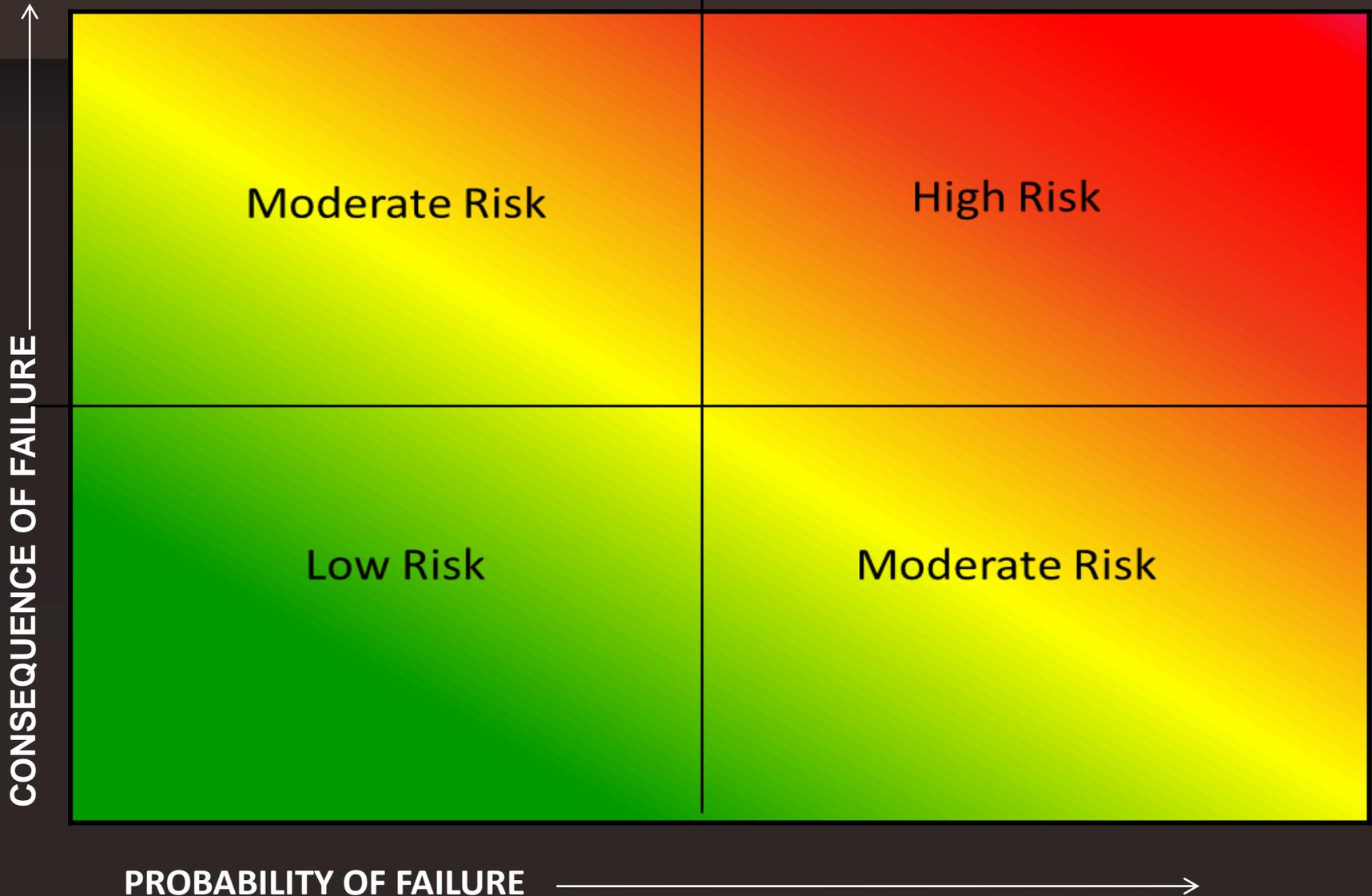


What is the likelihood that an asset will fail?

What is the consequence if the asset does fail?



ASSET RISK



FAILURE MODES

MORTALITY

LEVEL OF
SERVICE

CAPACITY

FINANCIAL
INEFFICIENCY

FAILURE MODES

MORTALITY



FAILURE MODES

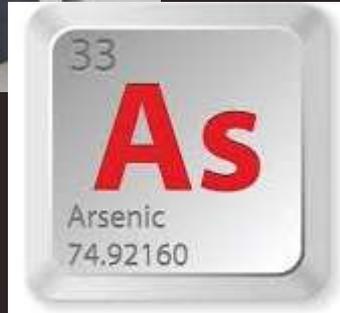
LEVEL OF
SERVICE



HAVE 4''



NEED 6''



FAILURE MODES

CAPACITY



FAILURE MODES

FINANCIAL
INEFFICIENCY



More to fix than to
replace



ASSESSING CONSEQUENCES?

FINANCIAL

ENVIRONMENTAL

SOCIAL

CONSIDER THE TRIPLE BOTTOM LINE



WAYS TO REDUCE RISK

Routine &
Preventative
Maintenance

Redundancy

Spare Parts

Specialized
Training

Replace Assets
Early

Monitoring



CALCULATING CRITICALITY

POF = PROBABILITY OF FAILURE

COF= CONSEQUENCE OF FAILURE

Redundancy Factor = RF

Criticality = POF X COF X RF

ASSESSING CRITICALITY



HIGHEST RISK

LEAST RISK

STANDARDS

FACTORS FOR PROBABILITY OF FAILURE

Criteria	1	2	3	4	5
Age of Well	<5 years	5 – 10 years	10 – 20 years	20 - 30 years	>30 years
Clogging History	No problems	< 1/10 yrs.	< 1/5 yrs.	1/year	> 1/year
Regulatory Water Quality	No SDWA violations	< 1/10 yrs.	< 1/5 yrs.	1/year	> 1/year
Aesthetic Water Quality	No complaints	<1 complaint per year	Avg. 1 complaint per month	Avg. 1 complaint per week	Avg. 1 complaint per day
Depth of Well	Over 500 ft. deep	400 – 500 ft. deep	300 – 400 ft. deep	200 – 300 ft. deep	<200 ft. deep

CALCULATING CRITICALITY: AN EXAMPLE

POF FACTORS APPLIED TO WELLS

Well Name	Criteria 1 Age	Criteria 2 Past Clogging Problems	Criteria 3 Regulatory Water Quality	Criteria 4 Aesthetic Water Quality	Criteria 5 Well Depth	Total Score
Westside Well	3	3	2	4	1	13
Eastside Well	2	5	2	2	5	16
Northside Well	4	2	3	5	2	16
Southside Well	2	1	4	1	3	11
Central Well	3	1	2	2	2	10

CALCULATING CRITICALITY: AN EXAMPLE

FACTORS FOR CONSEQUENCE OF FAILURE

Criteria	1	2	3	4	5
No. of people served	<100	101 – 500	501 – 1,000	1,001 – 5,000	> 5,000
Cost to Replace	<250,000	250,000 to 500,000	500,000 to 1,000,000	1,000,000 to 1,500,000	> 1,500,000
No. of critical customers served	0	1	2 - 5	5 - 10	> 10
Time to repair	< 1 day	1 day – 1 week	1 week - 2 weeks	2 weeks – 1 month	> 1 month

CALCULATING CRITICALITY: AN EXAMPLE

COF APPLIED TO WELLS

Well Name	Criteria 1 Number of customers	Criteria 2 Cost of Replacement	Criteria 3 Critical Customers	Criteria 4 Time of Repair	Total Score
Westside Well	5	2	3	2	12
Eastside Well	4	2	1	5	12
Northside Well	1	2	1	3	7
Southside Well	2	1	2	1	6
Central Well	2	4	5	3	14

CALCULATING CRITICALITY: AN EXAMPLE

REDUNDANCY FACTOR

Score	Description
0.1	100% or higher redundancy
0.25	50% to 100% redundancy
0.5	25% to 50% redundancy
0.75	25% or less redundancy
1.0	No redundancy

CALCULATING CRITICALITY: AN EXAMPLE

REDUNDANCY FACTOR

Well Name	Redundancy Factor
Westside Well	0.75
Eastside Well	0.10
Northside Well	0.25
Southside Well	0.10
Central Well	1.0

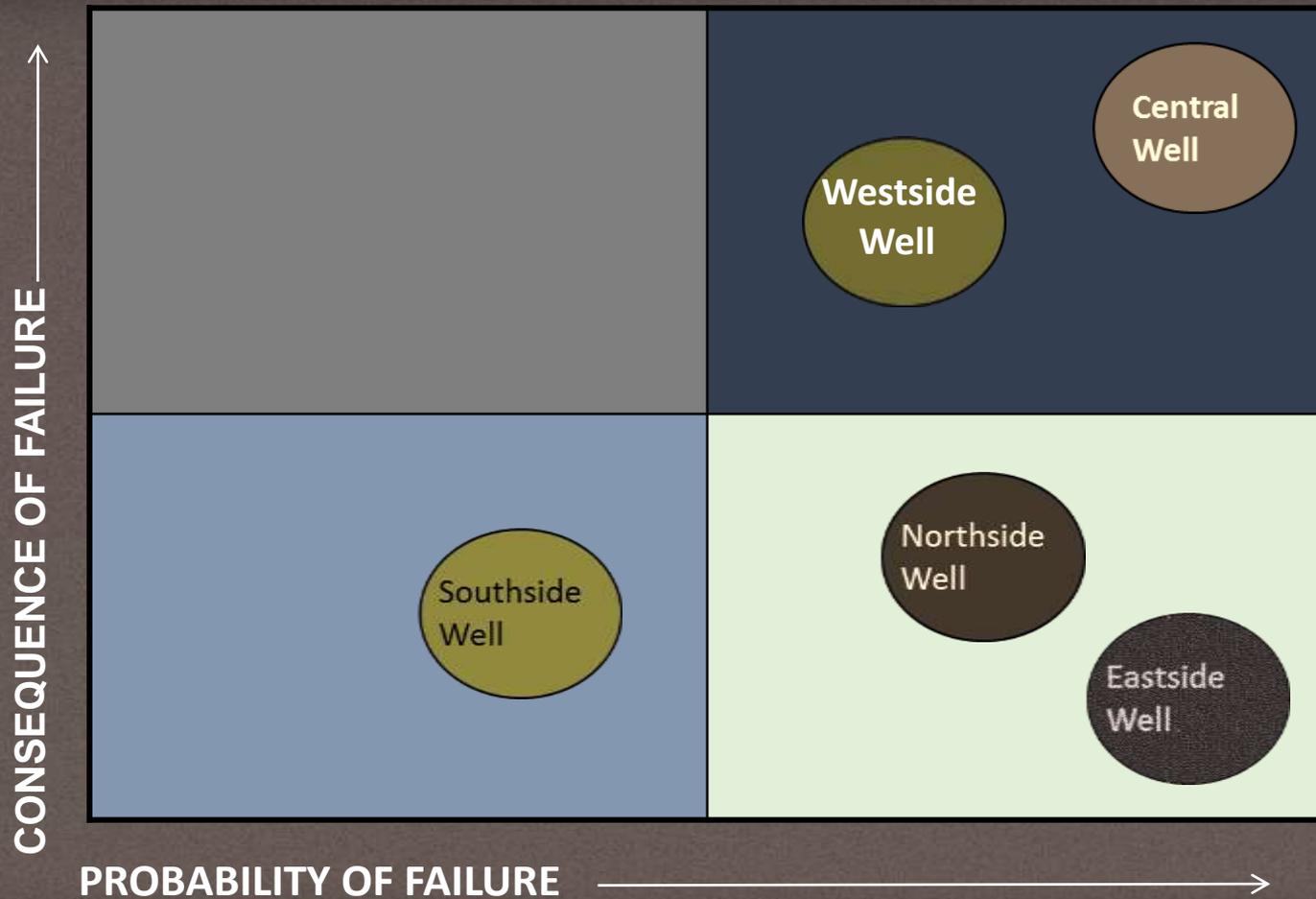
CALCULATING CRITICALITY: AN EXAMPLE

WELL RISK CALCULATION

Well Name	POF Score	COF Score	Redundancy	Total Score w/ redundancy
Westside Well	13	12	0.75	117
Eastside Well	16	12	0.10	19.2
Northside Well	16	7	0.25	28
Southside Well	11	6	0.10	6.6
Central Well	10	14	1.0	140

CALCULATING CRITICALITY: AN EXAMPLE

VISUAL DISPLAY OF EXAMPLE DATA



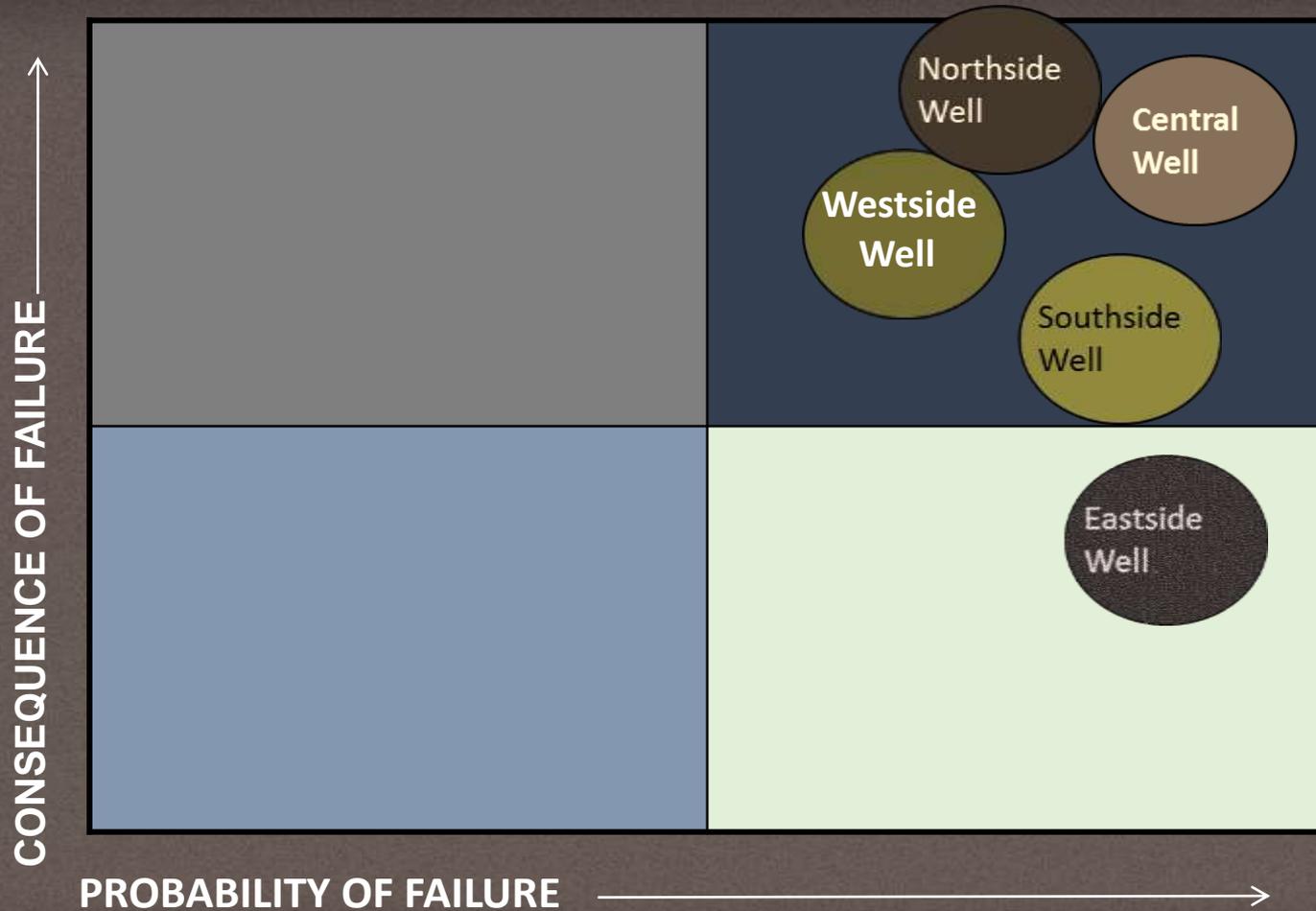
WHAT DOES THE DATA SAY?

DOES IT MAKE SENSE?

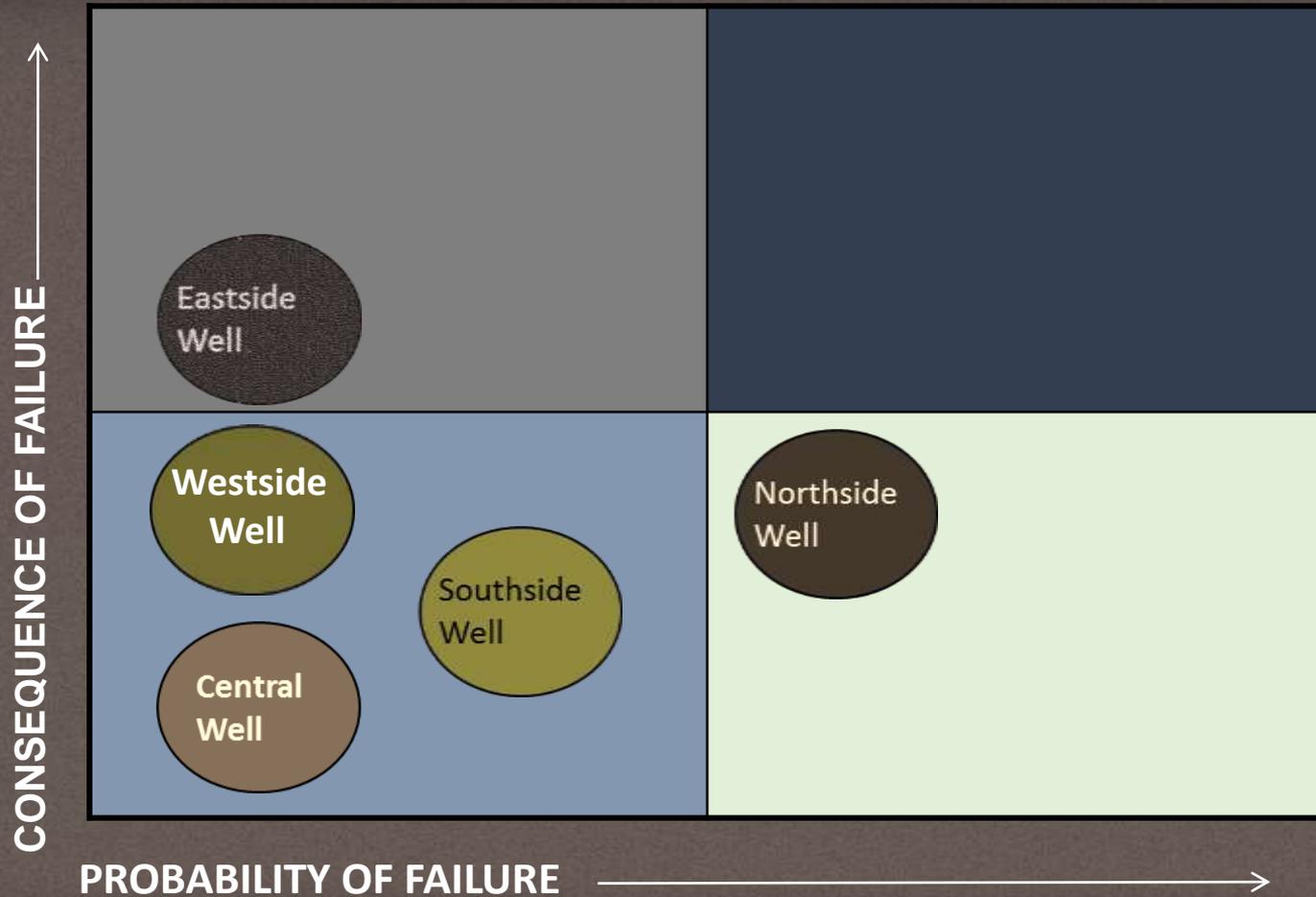
DO YOU CARRY TOO
MUCH RISK, NOT ENOUGH
OR JUST RIGHT?



WHAT IF IT LOOKED LIKE THIS?



OR THIS?



WHAT DOES THE DATA SAY?

WHAT WOULD YOU DO TO
REDUCE RISK?

WHAT IS THE BEST WAY TO
GET SUPPORT FOR
REDUCING RISK?



CRITICALITY CHANGES

- ✓ **CRITICALITY IS NOT STATIC**
- ✓ **EACH DAY CRITICALITY CHANGES SLIGHTLY**
- ✓ **NEED TO REASSESS CRITICALITY AT LEAST EVERY YEAR IF NOT SOONER**
- ✓ **REASSESS WHEN MAJOR CHANGES ARE MADE (UPGRADES, REPLACEMENTS, MAJOR CONSTRUCTION, REHABILITATION, REDUNDANCY ADDED)**

CRITICALITY IN ACTION



Frank Roth, ABCWUA, Albuquerque, NM

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**DEVELOP YOUR
TEAM**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



COMPLETE INTERACTIVE
ASSET MANAGEMENT IQ
TOOL

<http://southwestefc.unm.edu/assetManagementIQ/main.php>

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**PICK A CLASS OF
ASSETS TO TRY
CRITICALITY
RANKING**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**CHOOSE A SET OF
CRITERIA FOR
PROBABILITY OF
FAILURE FOR THAT
ASSET CLASS**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**CHOOSE A SET OF
CRITERIA FOR
CONSEQUENCE OF
FAILURE FOR THAT
ASSET CLASS**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**APPLY RANKING
CRITERIA TO EACH
OF YOUR POF AND
COF FACTORS**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**DETERMINE IF
THERE IS ANY
REDUNDANCY FOR
THAT CLASS OF
ASSETS**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**APPLY POF AND
COF FACTORS FOR
YOUR ASSETS AND
DETERMINE RISK OF
EACH ASSET IN
THAT CLASS**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**MAKE A VISUAL
REPRESENTATION
OF THE DATA**

TAKING IT TO YOUR FACILITY



**THINK ABOUT WHAT
THE DATA TELLS
YOU**



**WE WANT TO THANK
EPA FOR PROVIDING
FUNDING FOR THIS
PROJECT**



Smart Management for
Small Water Systems

CONTACT US

HEATHER HIMMELBERGER

heatherh@unm.edu



DAWN NALL

efcnall@gmail.com



**Southwest
Environmental
Finance
Center**