Affordability of Water Service

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Session Objectives

- Understand ways to determine whether your water service is affordable for your customers
- Learn approaches to help low income customers pay for their water bills





The Affordability Issue

 You have to the tools to determine what water rates <u>should</u> be for your system.
 You are an enterprise fund and should run like a business

 However, you are also a public service entity and have to serve all customers with this vital resource





How can we best serve our low income customers while maintaining our business approach?





Maybe You Are Thinking...

Water, relatively speaking, is cheap

 Have you seen cable bills lately? We are fine!





Cable vs. Water Services: Beware When You Compare

- Which one is a government monopoly?
- Which one has an obligation to serve?
- Which one has realistic customer alternatives for similar products?
- Which one is managed by marketers that know how to promote their product?
- Which one lets you watch old Cosby Show reruns?





What is "affordable" service?





"Percent MHI"

- Measured as the percent of median household income that the average customer at a utility spends on water (and wastewater) service annually
- Total bill for average water use / Median Household Income





When are Rates Unaffordable?

- Above 2.5%?
- More than what your neighbor charges?
- People complain?
- Your collection rate plummets?





First Things First

 There is <u>no</u> nationally accepted standard for affordability of water and wastewater service





However...

 Most quoted figure is 2.5 percent of MHI each for water and wastewater service, for a total of 5 percent

 On a national scale, census data suggests that 23 million households' water and sewer services are currently "unaffordable" using these criteria





EPA CSO

 The 1997 EPA document, "Combined Sewer Overflows: Guidance for Financial Capacity Assessment and Schedule Development" has a two-step process to identify the burden of the CSO on customers





CSO

Permittee Financial Capability	Residential Indicator (Cost Per Household as % of MHI)		
Indicators Score (Socioeconomic, Debt and Financial)	Low (Below 1.0%)	Mid-Range (Between 1.0 and 2.0%)	High (Above 2.0%)
Weak (Below 1.5)	Medium Burden	High Burden	High Burden
Mid-Range (Between 1.5 and 2.5)	Low Burden	Medium Burden	High Burden
Strong (Above 2.5)	Low Burden	Low Burden	Medium Burden





USDA

 USDA has a program to provide funds for water and sewer systems. Loans are made for projects where the residential water bills are greater than 1.5% of MHI





Water Research Foundation

 Water Research Foundation Report, "Water Affordability Programs," suggests that affordability programs should be based on a measure of 2% of income for poor households, rather than using MHI





The Best Methodology

 You know your own community the best.
 You should set the threshold for affordability





Again, "Percent MHI"

 Measured as the percent of median household income that the average customer at a utility spends on water (and wastewater) service annually

 Total bill for average water use / Median Household Income





 The MHI estimate is for the state, county or place, and not the customer base of the water or wastewater utility itself





 MHI estimates are different across the three versions of the American Community Survey (1-year, 3-year and 5-year), even for the same year

Census recommends using the 5-year numbers





 The latest MHI estimates are usually more than a year old

 MHI estimates for a community can significantly change from one year to the next





 The Median Household Income is not a single number (anymore)

 There is a single point provided, but then also a margin of error, giving you a range.
 The smaller the community, the larger the margin of error





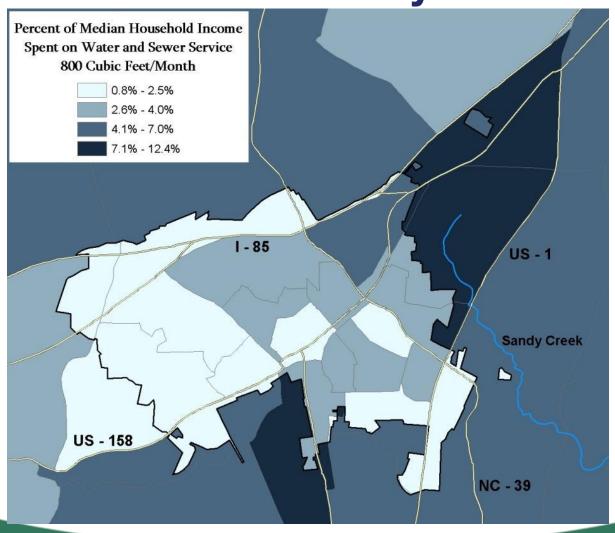
 MHI does not provide a complete picture of income distribution of households

- Take two communities with \$40,000 MHI
 - One could have most people between \$38K and \$42K
 - The other could have 40 percent of people below poverty and 40 percent wealthy





Bills Compared to Income of Subset Community







Nevertheless...

 Percent MHI is not a bad place to start, with caution

But there are other options





Income Distribution

- The American Community Survey now has estimates of the percent of households in different income "buckets"
 - Under \$10,000
 - \$10,000 to \$14,999
 - \$15,000 to \$19,999
 - And so on





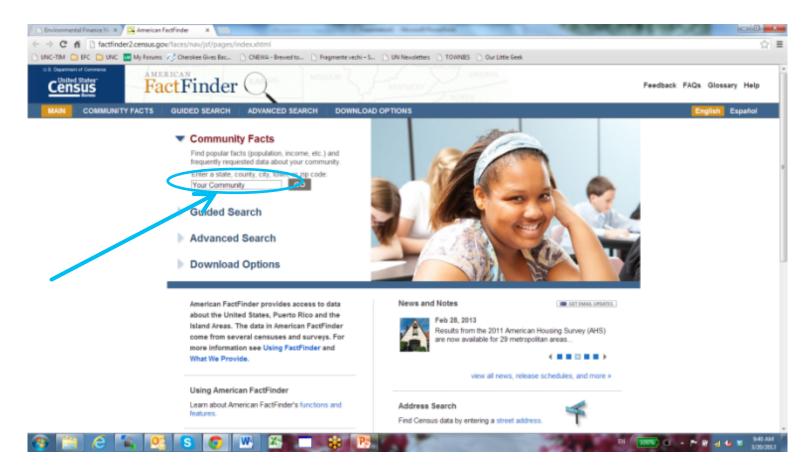
1. Go to the American Fact Finder page of the Census Website: http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml







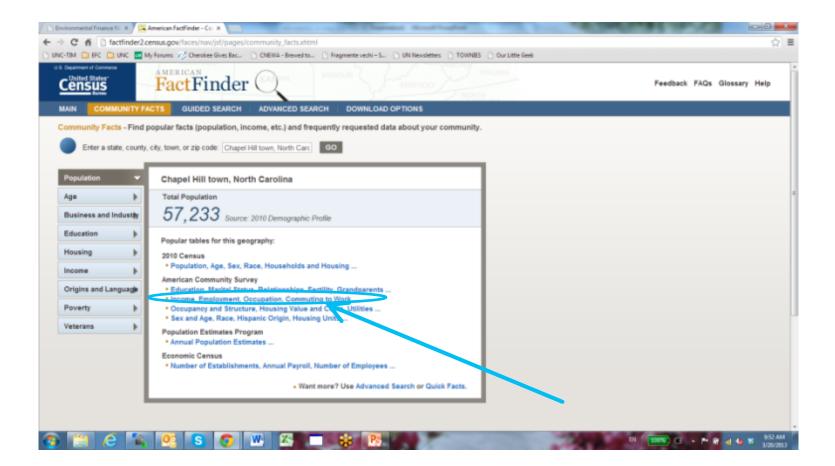
2. In the "Community Facts" box at the top, enter the name of the community







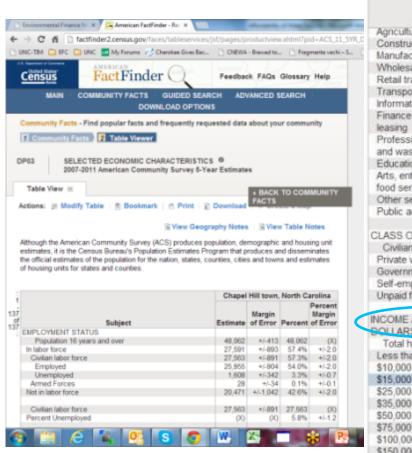
3. Under "American Community Survey," select the link for "Income, Employment, Occupation, Commuting to Work ..."







4. Scroll down to "Income and Benefits"

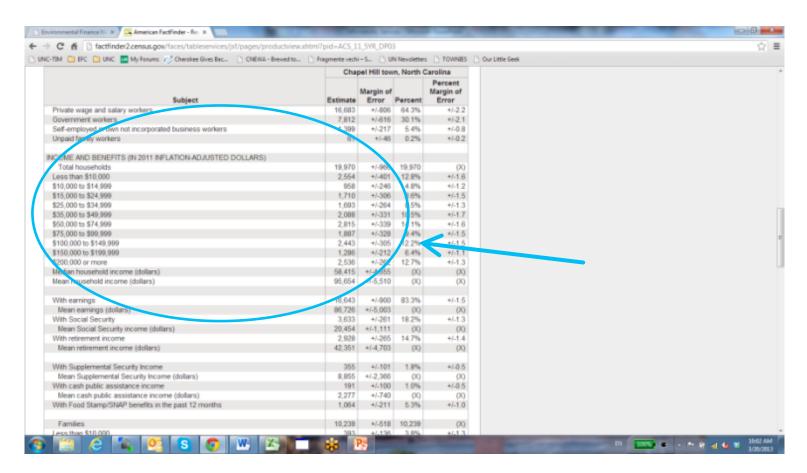


	Chapel	Hill town,	HOPEN C	
Subject	Estimate	Margin of Error	Percent	Percent Margin of Error
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	80	+/-96	0.3%	+/-0.4
Construction	653	+/-216	2.5%	+/-0.8
Manufacturing	1,060	+/-235	4.1%	+/-0.9
Wholesale trade	216	+/-110	0.8%	+/-0.4
Retail trade	2,485	+/-346	9.6%	+/-1.3
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	162	+/-74	0.6%	+/-0.3
Information	598	+/-191	2.3%	+/-0.7
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	998	+/-237	3.8%	+/-0.9
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	3,550	+/-372	13.7%	+/-1.4
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	11,479	+/-640	44.2%	+/-2.1
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	3,167	+/-446	12.2%	+/-1.6
Other services, except public administration	1,015	+/-234	3.9%	+/-0.9
Public administration	492	+/-156	1.9%	+/-0.6
CLASS OF WORKER Civilian employed population 16 years and over	25.955	+/-904	25,955	(X
Private wage and salary workers	16,683	+/-806	64.3%	+/-2.2
Government workers	7,812	+/-616	30.1%	+/-21
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	1,399	+/-217	5.4%	+/-0.8
Unpaid family workers	61	+/-46	0.2%	+/-0.7
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2011 INFLATION-ADJUSTED				
SOLLARS)	40.070		40.070	
Total households	19,970	+/-966		
Less than \$10,000	2,554	+/-401	2 400 700	1000000
\$10,000 to \$14,999	958	+/-246		
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,710	+/-306	The section is a	
\$25,000 to \$34,999	1,693	+/-264		
\$35,000 to \$49,999	2,088	+/-331	4	
\$50,000 to \$74,999	2,615	+/-339		+/-1.6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	1,887			7 7 7 7 7 7
\$100,000 to \$149,999	2,443	+/-305		
\$150,000 to \$199,999	1,286	-	2577277	- VOT-1703
\$200,000 or more	2,536	+/-262	1	P 000 2 000 2 000
Median household income (dollars)	58,415	+/-4,655		(X





5. Copy the information for "Total Households" and paste into an Excel table. This table shows the percentage of households in the community that fall into various income ranges.







Now You Can Measure the Percent of Income Spent for Many Income Levels





A Tale of Two Cities

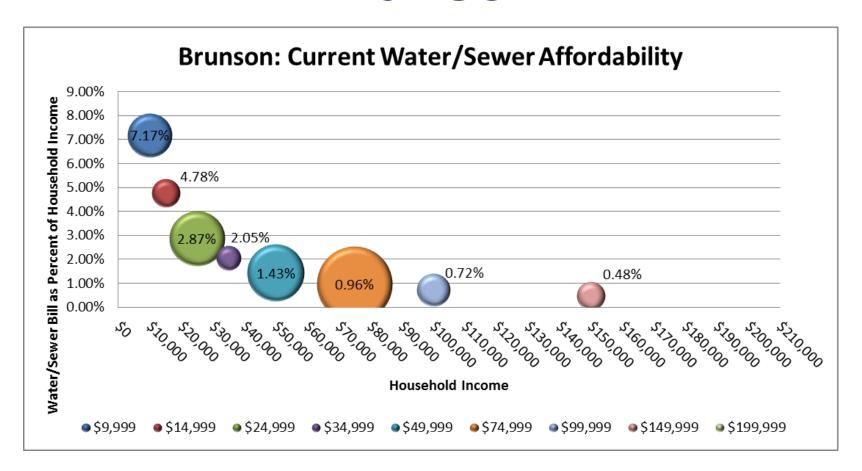
 Brunson and Hampton, SC—both small rural towns in the same county with similar MHIs around \$43,000

 Both have a percent MHI for water and sewer combined of 1.68 percent





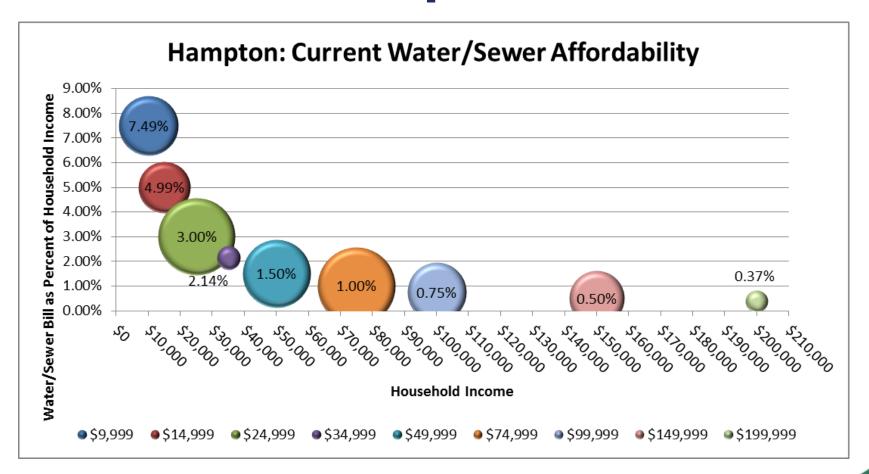
Brunson







Hampton







Side Note

 That same Census table has the number of households that receive other public assistance funds including Supplemental Security Income, cash public assistance income, and Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months, as well as unemployment figures





Making the Case for Considering Affordability Programs





Altruistic Reasons

- Wanting to help folks!
- Caring about your customers





External Pressures

- Local and state officials
- Funding agencies
- National agencies
- Your customers!





Your Bottom Line

- When customers have trouble paying their bills, there is a cost to the utility, in the form of:
 - Arrearages
 - Late payments
 - Disconnection notices
 - Terminating the service
 - Fielding calls from the delinquent customers





Approaches to Affordability

- Charge everyone less
- Charge poor people less—not allowed in many states
- Charge everyone a higher amount but have some type of social safety net program





Types of affordability programs

Options facing payment-troubled customers			
	Percent	N	
Payment plan to allow customer to pay amount over time	76%	231	
Customer referral to private, nonutility agency	54%	163	
Customer referral to a local gov. agency for assistance	49%	149	
Education	35%	105	
In-home conservation assistance	25%	76	
Special billing arrangements	21%	64	
Change in the rate customer is charged	8%	24	
Other	8%	24	
One-time bill credit from utility funds	3%	8	

2010, Best Practices in Customer Payment Assistance Programs, Water Research Foundation #4404



Lifeline Rates

 A minimal amount of water is offered to all customers at a relatively low cost

May be built into the base charge





DCIM, Hillsborough begin water assistance program

The Herald-Sun

By Emily Coakley: The Herald-Sun







Customer Assistance Programs

- Customers can have their monthly bills rounded up to the nearest dollar
- Proceeds assist lower-income people who cannot start or continue service
- Administered by a local non-profit organization, NOT the utility itself





Taste

Conservation Assistance

 Help low income customers use less water by fixing leaks and installing conservation devices

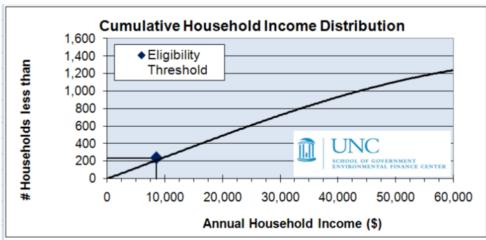
 Example: Care and Conserve program in Atlanta





Pricing Out the Cost of a Customer Assistance Program

EFC tool (currently for NC): http://www.efc.unc.edu/tools.htm#customer assistance



A customer is eligible if	5.0% of their income
is spent on this quantity of W & WW:	6 kgal/Month

	Amount (\$)	Consumptio	n Allowance
Minimum Water Bill	\$ 1.80	0.0	kgal
Minimum Wastewater Bill	\$ 1.80	0.0	kgal
	Block Maximum*	Rate (\$)	Units
	kgal		
Water Rate Block 1	4.0	\$ 1.38	per kgal
Water Rate Block 2	8.0	\$ 1.59	per kgal
Water Rate Block 3		\$ 2.61	per kgal
Wastewater Rate Block 1	0.0	\$ 3.86	per kgal
Wastewater Rate Block 2	0.0	\$ -	per kgal
Wastewater Rate Block 3		\$ -	per kgal

^{*}Enter "0" for Block Maximums in the case of uniform rate structures

Adjust all cells with data in BLUE. Select Your Community: Aberdeen

Select your billing units: kgal

Customer Assistance Program:

If a customer spends more than 5.0% of their income on 6 kgal/Month they can receive up to \$150 in direct assistance per year assuming that they pay the rest of their bill.

Amount of Annual assistance per eligible account	\$ 150.00
Percent of eligible customers that will participate	40%
Number of participating customers	95
Annual Program Cost	\$ 14,194
Amount of bad debt recovered through the program	\$ 2,061
Net Annual Program Ballpark Estimate Cost	\$ 12,130

For customers who take advantage of the program, at the income
threshold, the fraction of income spent on:

2.0 kgal/Month	0.2%
4.0 kgal/Month	1.7%
6.0 kgal/Month	3.2%
8.0 kgal/Month	4.8%
12.0 kgal/Month	8.4%

Monthly Bill for 6 kgal	\$ 35.46
Annual Bill	\$ 425.52
Annual Household Income Threshold	\$ 8,510
# Households less than	237
Annual Budget for Bad Debt	\$ 20,000





Questions?



